Roles, Responsibilities and Reporting Requirements of a Practice Supervisor

2019

Qualifications and Criteria of a Practice Supervisor

•Must not currently be the subject of any disciplinary proceedings

 Must have a licence and registration to practice independently in the province

•Must be in practice a minimum of 2 years

Roles and Responsibilities of a Practice Supervisor

- To review the provisionally registered physician's practice at regular intervals
 - Is the physician practising safely?
 - Does the physician meet the expected clinical standards of care?*
- Maintain appropriate boundaries
- Must be an unbiased reporter of observations
- Must provide written reports
- Must relay information to the College should the requirement for additional monitoring be identified
- Must provide feedback to the provisional registrant which could help identify physician enhancement opportunities and/or assist in learning about community resources to help meet patient needs
- The supervisor should have a similar scope of practice and be in the same geographic location as the provisional registrant

*Medical standards of care defined as the level at which the average, prudent provider in a given community would practice. It is how similarly qualified practitioners would have managed the patient's care under the same or similar circumstances.

Agreements

- An undertaking is signed by the provisional registrant for the entire duration of provisional registration
- •The practice supervisor must also sign an undertaking
- •The supervision phase of practice is clearly defined
- •If the practice supervisor resigns or ceases practice in Manitoba, the provisional registrant must stop practice until a new practice supervisor is appointed and approved by the College

What is a Provisional Registrant?

•A physician who does not yet meet the requirements for Full (Practising) Class Registration

•Under the College's current regulation, Provisional Registrants are given a specific time frame to meet the requirements for Full (Practising) Class Registration

Requirements for Full (Practising) Class Registration

Family Medicine

- must obtain the Licentiate of the Medical Council of Canada (LMCC) and College of Family Physicians Certification Examination (CCFP) within 5 years of the initial date of provisional registration; OR
- Successfully complete the Manitoba Practice Assessment Program (MPAP)

•Specialty Area of Practice

- must obtain the Licentiate of the Medical Council of Canada (LMCC) and Royal College Certification within 5 years of the initial date of provisional registration; OR
- Successfully complete the Manitoba Practice Assessment Program (MPAP)

Length of Period of Supervision

•Supervision is one component of a progressive path to Full (Practising) Class Registration

•Some components remain in place until the physician obtains Full (Practising) Class Registration

•Components and frequency of reporting are determined by the College

•Supervision, for most provisional registrants, will gradually reduce throughout the duration of Provisional Registration

Frequency of Reporting

•Although a reporting structure will be provided, should there be concerns about competence, more frequent reporting may be required

•Reports are shared with provisional registrant to identify personal areas for continuing professional development

 Report must be signed by provisional registrant and shared with the Mentor

•Report will be held on file by College

Reporting Requirements for the Practice Supervisor

- A reporting structure is provided by the College, prior to supervision commencing
- A formal documented report (template provided by the College) is required
- The report must include the tools used by the practice supervisor for the chart review (stimulated chart recall, interviews with other health professionals/staff, direct observation – if required - and communication skills assessment)
- Specific areas where professional development or upgrading are highlighted

Reporting Schedules

•Practice Ready Assessment (PRA's) Registrants and MLPIMG's

- Monitor Reports:
- Every month for first 3 months
- 9, 18 and 24 months
- Immediately if there is a breach of responsibilities or patient safety concerns
- Anytime as deemed necessary by the Registrar
- External Chart Audit 6 months
- 360 review between 9 and 12 months

•Exam Eligible Physicians

- Monitor Reports:
 - End of month 4, 12 and 18
 - Immediately if there is a breach of responsibilities or patient safety concerns
 - Anytime as deemed necessary by the Registrar
- 360 review between 9 and 12 months

Basis of Immediate Reporting to the College

- Supervised physician's practice may expose patients to risk/injury
- Supervised physician's conduct presents a concern
- Supervised physician is practising below standard
- Supervised physician fails to comply with the terms of the undertaking (which includes missing an appointment with the supervisor without sound reason or being uncooperative)
- Supervisor is unable to continue the role on a timely or temporary basis (ie. Illness, vacation, etc.)
- Supervisor becomes the subject of an investigation by the regulator

QUESTIONS?